



Case study

Thyroid cancer in France – CATHY Project

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About the study

Incidences of thyroid cancer within France have rapidly increased over the last several years, with over 4,000 new cases being diagnosed each year. The primary goal of the thyroid cancer in France – CATHY Project was to better understand the risk factors associated with the development of thyroid cancer. The study focused on environmental (Chernobyl disaster in 1986) or professional conditions associated with endocrine malfunction (phthalates, dioxins, alkylphenols, etc.) found in water, soil and food.

This project will also serve as a foundation to establish a DNA bank which will permit future studies of candidate genes linked with the apparition of thyroid cancer and to study gene-environment interactions.

Participants in the study will be from regions of Marne, Ardennes and Calvados. Participants must be at least 25 years old. The study will include 800 participants and 800 control samples.

Main challenges

Given the scope of the CATHY Project, the investigators recognized that they would face several challenges in achieving their objectives. The primary issues included:

- Maximizing compliance rates in order to achieve the desired number of samples.
- Implementing a collection technique which would enable collection from geographically dispersed participants.
- Collecting high quality and high quantity DNA samples for analysis and biobanking.
- Selecting an option that would facilitate long-term storage of samples.
- Minimizing sample collection and logistics costs.



