



## Long-term stability of DNA from saliva samples stored in the Oragene® self-collection kit†

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*Storage of specimens by refrigeration or freezing can significantly increase costs. The Oragene® kit eliminates these costs by allowing saliva specimens to be stored for years at room temperature without DNA degradation. This document presents evidence that Oragene/saliva samples stored at room temperature maintain high molecular weight DNA for at least 5 years.*

### Introduction

Large population-based studies, involving thousands of subjects, are increasingly being used to investigate the genetic determinants of complex diseases. Saliva is a convenient source of genomic DNA because it can be collected in a painless and non-invasive manner. For logistical reasons, samples often need to be stored prior to the extraction of DNA. Common storage methods, such as refrigeration and freezing, can add significant costs and inconvenience to a large genetic study.

Ideally, a kit that would allow saliva samples to be stored at room temperature for long periods of time with no significant degradation of the DNA would be highly desirable. The Oragene kit is specifically designed for collecting and preserving DNA in saliva. This technical bulletin provides evidence that the Oragene kit can preserve the integrity of DNA in saliva at room temperature for many years, as well as maintain stability at temperatures up to 50°C for 187 days.

### Materials and methods

Oragene/saliva samples were collected and stored at either room temperature (24°C), 37°C or 50°C for periods of time up to 187 days. In addition, saliva samples from 7 donors collected in Oragene solution and stored at room temperature for 5 years were

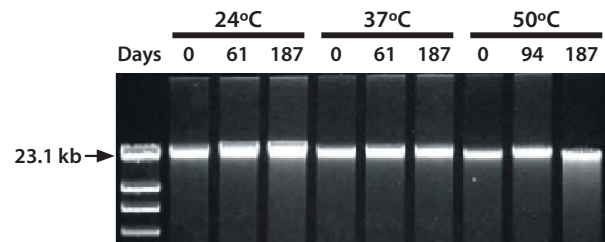
analyzed. Aliquots of the various samples were removed and processed using the prepIT™•L2P (DNA Genotek) purification protocol<sup>1</sup>. Approximately 200 ng of DNA from each sample was analyzed by agarose gel electrophoresis and ethidium bromide staining. The size of the extracted DNA was determined by comparison with a Lambda-Hind III digest ladder.

DNA yield was determined by the highly specific Fluorescence/DNase method<sup>2</sup>. The F/D method quantifies DNA using SYBR Green I™ dye (Molecular Probes, Inc.), with or without DNase treatment.

### Results

#### Samples stored at 24°C, 37°C or 50°C for up to 187 days

DNA from Oragene/saliva samples stored at 24°C and 37°C had a molecular weight > 23,000 bp and showed no evidence of degradation at the indicated time points (Figure 1). Samples stored at 50°C showed only slight degradation at 187 days. There was no change in the yield of DNA in any of the samples, regardless of storage temperature, as determined by the F/D method.



**Figure 1:** Agarose gel electrophoresis of DNA extracted from Oragene/saliva samples. A Lambda-Hind III digest was used as the marker in Lane 1.

† Saliva samples were collected with Oragene®•DNA or Oragene®•DISCOVER.

